



EYFS Talk 4 Writing Clarity Document

February 2020





Rationale

As a school, we recognise that a child's life chances are influenced by their ability to communicate their thoughts in writing. Being dedicated to giving children the best start in life, it is vital we set out clearly what we expect the teaching of writing to look like.

As well as being explicit in what we expect from the teaching of writing we are also focusing on children's ability to speak and be clearly understood. One of the ways in which we hope to do this is through the expectation that children always answer in full sentences in all lessons. For more information about our expectations around speech and language please see our Reading and Phonics clarity document.

The following document builds on the excellent practice we already have taking place in our school following our Talk 4 Writing training and links closely with our Reading and Phonics Clarity Document.

Talk 4 Writing (T4W)

Planning

In EYFS, the Talk 4 Writing curriculum will cover a range of Fiction, Non-Fiction and Poetry/Rhymes. Nursery will primarily focus on Nursery Rhymes and Traditional Tales as their model texts. Reception will continue the focus on Traditional Tales alongside other simple texts.

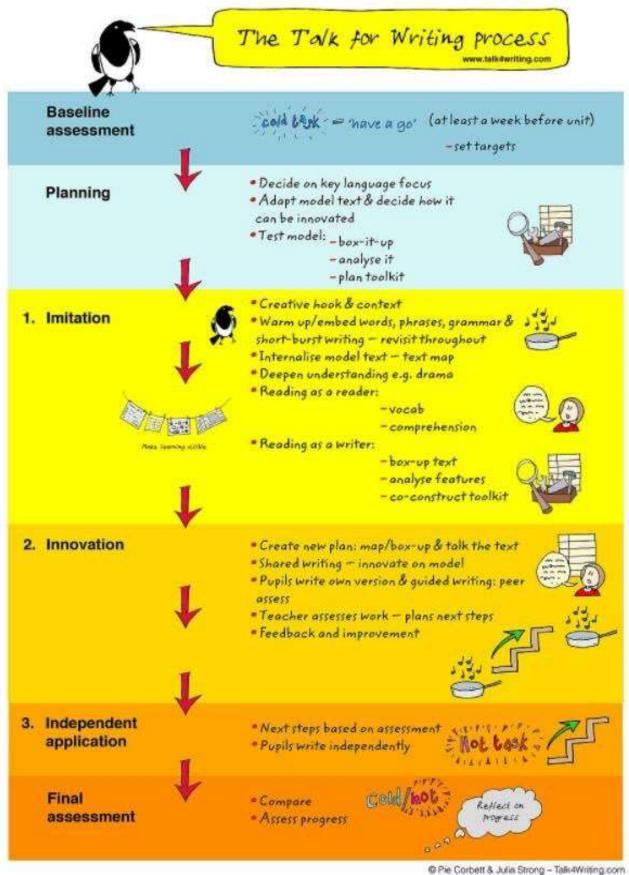
The text objectives that help improve writing have been carefully considered and have been mapped out by Pie Corbett in a Progression of Skills document. This ensures that children are progressively improving the quality of their writing (see Appendix 1).

As a school our planning for Talk 4 Writing has evolved and teachers are now expected to plan writing during PPA. This is to allow teachers the opportunities to discuss the different sections the come together to make a Talk 4 Writing unit of work. Writing will be planned across the curriculum and in continuous provision areas, including outside. The children will have the opportunity to mark make (nursery) and write (reception) every day (see Appendix 2).





The Talk 4 Writing Process







Baseline <u>Assessment - Oral Cold Task</u>

This is the first part of a Talk 4 Writing unit. The children will be asked to tell an adult a story that they know or make up a new story at the start of each term. The adult will record the child's story on Tapestry as an initial assessment.

Here the teacher will identify **individual communication and language targets** for each child. The teacher should identify themes within their class and the general gaps they have and plan to address these within the unit, alongside the Progression Document and Learning Outcomes.

Planning Stage

The teacher has all the information they need to plan the unit. They have:

- used the cold task to identify gaps in learning
- the text objectives for their year group in the progression document
- the learning outcomes for EYFS

The coverage of texts and links to poetry/rhymes and non-fiction will be trialled throughout the academic year 2019/20, with a view to mapping out a long-term plan for future years.

Model Text

The first thing they should do is create or adapt a **model text** together with their year group partner. This written model should be engaging and at an appropriate level so that children make progress according to their year group expectations (see progression document). Where possible, the model text should also be linked to the curriculum topic.

The adapted text should be 6-10 sentences long and include all the features required for that genre at the level appropriate to that year group. During this stage, you should plan your toolkits and possible innovations. All of this stage should be completed before you begin teaching.

The children should hear the original text being read and have access to this in areas of provision. Other linked texts should be read and available to the children to enrich the unit. E.g. Non-fiction text about Bears linked to the Fiction text We're Going on a Bear Hunt.

Imitation Stage

The next part of the process is the imitation stage, which begins with activities designed by teachers to **hook** the children in to their new text. In nursery, this stage would last 2 weeks and in reception, it will last 1-2 weeks depending on the text.

Once engaged, the children would **orally rehearse** the text, with **story actions** (see Appendix 3) and a **text map** to help them internalise the text. EYFS will create action photographs for the children to use (actual children from the class). You may also choose activities that help the children deepen their understanding, using for example, drama techniques. Children internalising the text is a crucial aspect of Talk 4 Writing and should not be

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marginalised. To ensure that children learn the text, they should have the opportunity to practice it at different points throughout the day, including in areas of provision. Text maps should also be sent home to give the children the opportunity to practice the text at home with their parents.

During the imitation stage the teacher would also undertake a range of other activities while the children are internalising the text (see Appendix 4). In reception, **toolkits** will be created with the children.

During this stage, nursery staff would be expected to model writing, with a focus on key vocabulary (see Appendix 5). In reception, shared writing will take place, with an opportunity for children to apply in their own writing (see Appendix 6).

Reading as a Reader

The text will be turned into a big book and read (with the children and by the children). Vocabulary and comprehension will be discussed.

Reading as a Writer

Underlying patterns, main events and simple writing tools (e.g. full stop) will be looked for and discussed.

Innovation Stage

This begins once the children have internalised the text type and are ready to move on. Again, this lasts approximately one week. The children in EYFS will focus on making changes to the original text map (e.g. changing the character or setting). This stage involves substitutions being made and visible changes to the text map, before then orally rehearsing the new class text and beginning shared writing. This <u>must</u> be modelled by the teacher. During this stage, the children will have the opportunity to create their own text map and have a go at writing.

Invent Stage

Opportunities will be provided for the children to Invent their own stories through play. Some of these stories will be recorded in the 'Class Invention Book' and read to the group as a celebration. There will also be opportunities for the teacher to work together with the class to Invent a story and record it in the 'Class Invention Book'.

Final Assessment – Oral Hot Task

This is the final part of a Talk 4 Writing unit. The children will be asked to tell an adult a story that they know or make up a new story at the end of each term. The adult will record the child's story on Tapestry as a final assessment.

Here the teacher will assess whether the children have made progress in their individual communication and language targets.





Pie Corbett's Reading Spine

To compliment the original texts that are used to teach writing in the classroom, the school has purchased a range of quality children's fiction to be read to the children during the week.

This reading spine ensures that children are exposed to a rich diet of story types and authors to build their internal story library.

All model texts should be complimented by high quality texts related to the genre. There should also be exposure outside the writing lesson, through shared reading, to other models and snippets collected from quality literature.

Free Writing

Wherever possible, there needs to be opportunities for children to Free Write independently across the curriculum in continuous areas of provision. This gives them the opportunity to apply their learning of key basic skills.

Handwriting - See separate clarity document.

We expect that there will be daily handwriting practice in EYFS. For effective progress, handwriting should be integrated into all aspects of writing, not just within the handwriting sessions. It needs to be a priority during writing and phonics lessons or whenever the children write, for example, when they are using whiteboards and pens, and even when using magnetic letters - the children should be placing the letters in the correct position on the line (for example with the tail of the 'g' sitting below the line).

Displays

Washing lines are the means by which children can access support for English rather than a fixed display. More details can be found in our 'Classroom Environment and Display Expectations' document.

Timings

For 2019-20 we expect each class to have daily shared, guided or independent writing opportunities planned into the timetable and continuous areas of provision. There should be a timetabled Talk 4 Writing session each day.

Writing Celebrations

We celebrate children's writing in a number of ways:

- Work chosen as a good example and displayed under the visualiser or as a WAGOLL
- Work displayed on the classroom 'Wall of Fame' display
- One child chosen as the writer of the half-term. They would receive their certificate in assembly in front of their parents and their work would be displayed in school. Their photo would also be displayed on our school website
- One child chosen as the handwriter of the half-term. They would receive their certificate in assembly in front of their parents. Their photo would also be displayed on our school website
- Golden tickets to be handed out to receive prizes from the headteacher

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